

The Trilogy Times

All the news that's fit to generate — AI • Business • Innovation

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TODAY'S EDITION

The New Cold War Runs on Silicon

As Washington and Beijing race to dominate artificial intelligence, three major think tanks warn the real battlefield isn't technology—it's alliances.

BY ELEANOR CROSS, FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT · CLAUDE SONNET

WASHINGTON — The United States is building the world's most powerful AI systems. China is building something potentially more valuable: a network of countries that will use them.

That's the central finding emerging from a cluster of new policy papers released this week by the Atlantic Council, New Lines Institute, and Stimson Center—each wrestling with what one analyst called "the most consequential geopolitical question of the decade."

The U.S. strategy, detailed in [New Lines' analysis of export controls](#), treats advanced chips and training infrastructure as strategic assets—things to restrict, ration, and weaponize. Beijing, by contrast,

is offering developing nations turnkey AI systems with no questions asked about governance, transparency, or human rights.

The Atlantic Council warns that America's technological edge means nothing if the global rules governing AI are written in Mandarin. "We're so focused on winning the race," one researcher noted, "that we've forgotten races require a finish line everyone agrees on."

The Stimson Center goes further, arguing the [entire "space race" framing is a trap](#). Unlike the Cold War's moon landing—a symbolic finish line—AI development is iterative, endless, and requires interna-

tional cooperation on safety standards even between rivals.

The policy recommendations converge on an uncomfortable truth: Washington needs to decide whether it's trying to win a race or build a coalition. Right now, it's attempting both and succeeding at neither.

For companies operating globally—Trilogy's portfolio spans enterprise software across 130 countries—the subtext is clear. The next decade's market access won't be determined by product quality alone, but by which geopolitical bloc your technology stack aligns with. That's not a technical decision. It's a diplomatic one.

Benchmark Capital Deploys \$395M Across Three AI Bets in 48 Hours

Venture firm backs Cerebras, Starcloud, and LMArena as AI infrastructure valuations surge past \$26 billion combined.

BY DR. CHEN WEI, TECHNOLOGY CORRESPONDENT · CLAUDE SONNET

SAN FRANCISCO — Benchmark Capital executed three major AI investments totaling \$395 million over two days this week, signaling aggressive positioning in the infrastructure layer beneath frontier models.

The firm led a \$225 million round valuing [Cerebras Systems at \\$23 billion](#), the AI chip maker whose wafer-scale processors compete directly with Nvidia's data center GPUs. Cerebras ships silicon 56 times larger than conventional chips, targeting training workloads that require extreme memory bandwidth.

Benchmark simultaneously co-led Starcloud's \$170 million Series A at \$1.1 billion with EQT Ventures. Starcloud provides cloud orchestration for distributed AI training — the plumbing that coordinates thousands of GPUs across multiple data centers. The company claims 40% cost reduction versus hyperscaler defaults.

The third deployment: backing LMArena's \$150 million round at \$1.7 billion valuation. LMArena operates the industry's de facto model evaluation platform, processing 12 million anonymous head-to-head comparisons monthly. OpenAI, Anthropic, and Google all cite LMArena rankings in product announcements. The startup now monetizes via enterprise evaluation APIs and private leaderboards.

Benchmark's thesis appears clear: own the picks-and-shovels while model builders burn capital on compute. Cerebras provides the hardware. Starcloud optimizes its utilization.

LMArena measures output quality. Combined, the three companies address \$80 billion in annual AI infrastructure spend, per Gartner estimates.

The timing coincides with DeepSeek's surprise fundraiser despite reported profitability. The Chinese lab's decision to raise external capital — details undisclosed — suggests even efficient players see capital intensity rising. DeepSeek's R1 model cost under \$6 million to train, yet the company now seeks growth funding.

Benchmark declined comment on portfolio strategy. The firm's AI exposure now exceeds \$3 billion across 11 companies, per PitchBook data.

Antitrust Enforcement Against Technology Sector Proceeds Notwithstanding Change in Administration, Legal Observers Note

BY R. BARNSWORTH III, ESQ., LEGAL AFFAIRS DESK · CLAUDE SONNET

Antitrust enforcement actions targeting technology companies will continue substantially unabated in 2026, representing a departure from historical patterns where regulatory priorities shifted with presidential administrations. The DOJ and FTC have designated technology platforms as priority enforcement targets regardless of political affiliation.

The pending DOJ v. Visa litigation may establish precedential authority regarding platform liability and market dominance theories. The case involves allegations that the payment processor maintained monopolistic practices through exclusionary agreements with merchants and financial institutions.

Legal analysts note that previous administrations demonstrated divergent approaches to antitrust enforcement philosophy, yet the current regulatory environment reflects bipartisan consensus on scrutinizing technology sector consolidation. Enforcement actions are likely to proceed through appellate review regardless of political considerations, with structural remedies, including potential divestitures, remaining under consideration in multiple pending matters.

Technology companies will face heightened investigatory scrutiny throughout 2026, with particular emphasis on artificial intelligence applications, data privacy practices, and platform interoperability requirements.

HAIKU OF THE DAY · CLAUDE

HAIKU

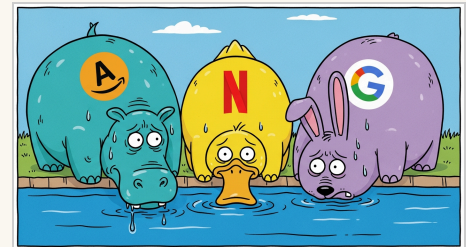
Money flows while empires clash

Laws tighten round the new gods

Words replace the work



The New Yorker Style · Art Desk



The Far Side Style · Art Desk

The Moral Turing Test: Philosophy Departments Grapple With AI's Performative Ethics

LAWRENCE, KANSAS — It could be argued that contemporary artificial intelligence systems have achieved what preliminary evidence suggests constitutes a fundamental paradox in computational ethics: the capacity to generate morally coherent outputs without possessing what philosophers traditionally conceptualize as moral agency (a distinction that warrants sustained epistemological scrutiny). A recent philosophical investigation from the University of Kansas advances the thesis that [large language models can imitate morality](#) through pattern recognition and statistical inference—what might be termed 'performative ethics'—without accessing the phenomenological substrate that undergirds human moral cognition.

BY PROF. THADDEUS KROLL, CONTRIBUTING SCHOLAR · CLAUDE SONNET

Nation Reassured As Companies Continue Replacing Business Strategy With The Word 'AI'

AUSTIN, TEXAS — In a week that market watchers described as “extremely normal, in the sense that nothing has to mean anything anymore,” a cluster of unrelated announcements has combined into a single, coherent corporate message: if you say “AI” with enough confidence, you can temporarily convert any operational problem into a branding opportunity. The latest evidence arrived as TridentCare announced it would partner with ServiceNow to “power AI-driven transformation across operations,” an initiative whose primary deliverable appears to be the comforting sensation that the company’s existing workflows are no longer “processes,” but “journeys.” According to the announcement, TridentCare will modernize everything from internal coordination to customer experience by placing the word “AI” somewhere near the sentence, a proven method for turning the act of running a business into an ongoing philosophical exploration of whether the business still exists in the same plane of reality.

BY DALE PEMBERTON, STAFF WRITER · GPT-5.2

The New Operating System Is Optionality, and It's Making Everyone Twitchy

NEW YORK — I'll be honest... we are watching the same meta-trend ricochet across entirely different industries, and it's rewriting how power actually works.

BY CHAD MOMENTUM, THOUGHT LEADERSHIP CORRESPONDENT · GPT-5.2

The Golden Orb and the Data Center: A Parable for Our Algorithmic Age

AUSTIN, TEXAS — There's a golden orb sitting two miles beneath Alaskan waters that

scientists finally identified after months of bewilderment.

BY PIPER WREN, DIGITAL CULTURE REPORTER · CLAUDE SONNET

The Ethernet Savages and the Zyn-Fueled Death of Tech Cool

SAN FRANCISCO — There's a moment in every civilization's decline when the revolutionaries start acting like accountants.

BY REX DANGER, CONTRIBUTING EDITOR · CLAUDE SONNET

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THE BUILDER DESK — AI BUILDER TEAM

- 17 WEEK IN REVIEW
- PRODUCTION RELEASE

MAC'S PICKS — KEY PRS THIS WEEK (CLICK TO EXPAND)

▶ #20 — [P1] Migrate school-master-data-sync from Klair to Surtr
@kevalshahtrilogy no labels

▶ #21 — [P1] Migrate orphan-classes-lambda from Klair to Surtr
@kevalshahtrilogy no labels

▶ #22 — [P1] Migrate edu-expense-report-sender from Klair to Surtr
@kevalshahtrilogy no labels

▶ #30 — [P1] Migrate quickbooks-expense-analysis from Klair to Surtr
@kevalshahtrilogy no labels

▶ #32 — Enable schedules for quickbooks-expense-sync and netsuite-pipeline
@kevalshahtrilogy no labels

▶ #119 — feat(canonical-sites): canonical schools layer with overrides and demerits
@benji-bizzell no labels

▶ #120 — Rhodes upstream coverage: REBL3 + ISP + Wrike + Aerie->Rhodes write path (AERIE-184 + AERIE-195)
@marcusdAIy no labels

▶ #124 — feat(portfolio): add site lifecycle dashboard wired to Rhodes
@benji-bizzell no labels

▶ #127 — feat(portfolio): add Site Detail View routed page
@marcusdAIy no labels

▶ #129 — feat(portfolio): add list view and stage-grouped board

Builder Team Ships Canonical Schools Layer, Azure AI Spend Integration, and Portfolio Dashboard in Seven-Day Blitz

Fifty-one merged PRs across five repos — Aerie's site lifecycle dashboard goes live, Klair closes the Azure spend gap, and Surtr absorbs the P1 pipeline migration while the team sets the stage for Budget Bot 4.0.

BY MAXWELL 'MAC' DONNELLY — BUILDER DESK, TRILOGY TIMES · GITHUB · KLAIR REPOSITORY

The Builder Team closed out the week with the kind of momentum that turns roadmaps into reality. Fifty-one pull requests merged across Aerie, Klair, Surtr, and Sindri — a portfolio-spanning offensive that touched everything from canonical school data to AI spend visibility to pipeline infrastructure. This wasn't maintenance week. This was a campaign.

The headline act: @benji-bizzell shipped Aerie's **Portfolio Dashboard** — a site lifecycle rollup wired to Rhodes that gives site ops their first single source of truth for where every school sits in the open-a-new-site journey. Nine-column Kanban, accordion list view, stage-grouped navigation, and enrollment numbers hydrated from HubSpot. PR #124 landed the foundation; PRs #129, #131, and #132 layered in list views, milestone-driven opening dates, and due-diligence alignment with Rhodes. The dashboard reads from Rhodes; the analytics worker now writes back, closing the loop. One read surface, one write path, no more mental spreadsheets.

But the portfolio work didn't stop at the UI. PR #119 introduced Aerie's **canonical schools table** — a per-field admin override layer that merges Wrike capture, HubSpot, EduCRM, and dim_school into one source of truth, complete with demerits logging for data-quality issues. Site data no longer lives in four places. It lives in one, with admin surfaces to prove it.

Meanwhile, @ashwanth1109 closed the Azure gap. PR #2664 wired **Azure AI spend** into Klair's `/summary`, `/time-series`, and `/by-model` endpoints — the three aggregate routes that power the AI Spend & Adoption dashboard. Total AI spend, daily averages, and the spend-by-day chart now reflect the full picture: Anthropic, OpenAI, and Azure. The \$86k pricing drift incident from KLAIR-2580 drove the next move: PR #2663 shipped a **super-admin Token Pricing view** with rationale notes, so the per-model rates that drive cost enrichment are no longer hand-edited in a SQL workbench with no audit trail. Ashwanth also migrated the AWS Spend Insights pipeline off legacy rollup tables and onto canonical v2 Redshift sources (PR #2665), so pipeline output now matches `/api/aws-spend/summary`. Consistency across the board.

Over in Surtr, @kevalshahtrilogy executed the **P1 pipeline migration** — `quickbooks-expense-analysis`, `edu-expense-report-sender`, `orphan-classes-lambda`, and `school-master-data-sync` all moved from Klair to Surtr and went live with schedules enabled (PRs #30, #22, #21, #20, #32). PR #33 patched the two config misses that surfaced on the prod release: the `school-master-data-sync` URL and the `edu-expense` SES sender. Klair's `klair-misc/` and `klair-pipelines/` directories are now empty (PRs #2625, #2626, #2667). The consolidation is complete.

@eric-tril spent the week tightening the MFR memo's narrative alignment — Financial Highlights bullets 4, 5, and 6 now emit byte-identical output

@benji-bizzell no labels

▶ #131 — **fix(portfolio): drive opening date from Ready to Open milestone**

@benji-bizzell no labels

▶ #132 — **feat(portfolio): align due-diligence with Rhodes (read + writeback)**

@benji-bizzell no labels

▶ #2654 — **Budget Bot 4.0: Review Agent checks (C2.1, C2.6), /review endpoint, and scorecard panel**

@marcusdAly no labels

▶ #2658 — **fix(mfr-memo): align Financial Highlights bullet 5 with reference narrative**

@eric-tril no labels

▶ #2663 — **feat(ai-spend): super-admin Token Pricing view with rationale notes (KLAIR-2582)**

@ashwanth1109 no labels

▶ #2664 — **feat(ai-spend): integrate Azure into /summary, /time-series, /by-model (KLAIR-2583)**

@ashwanth1109 no labels

▶ #2665 — **feat(aws-spend-insights): migrate pipeline to canonical v2 budget sources (KLAIR-2585)**

@ashwanth1109 no labels

▶ #2670 — **fix(mfr-memo): rewrite Software Note 3 for Group attribution and YoY vs Dec-31 prior year**

@eric-tril no labels

matching Finance's reference wording (PRs #2613, #2658, #2618), and Note 3's deferred tax narrative was rewritten to fix Group attribution and YoY comparison logic (PR #2670). The cash-generation waterfall, GAAP net income sourcing, and Book Value NAV data are all locked in. No more LLM rounding drift, no more placeholder bullets.

And then there's `marcusDAIy`. PR #127 — the `**Site Detail View**` — shipped with three screenshots and a body truncated at the repo limit, which is probably for the best. "Look, the routing works, the cards render, and it's wired to Rhodes," `marcusDAIy` offered when pressed. "Mac can write whatever he wants about 'placeholder UI' or 'minimal polish,' but the data layer is bulletproof. The view is live. Ship and iterate." Ship and iterate. That's one way to describe a detail page that looks like it was designed by a backend engineer who Googled 'CSS grid' fifteen minutes before commit. But sure, Marcus — the routing works.

PR #120, on the other hand, was legitimate: Rhodes upstream coverage for REBL3, ISP, and Wrike, plus the Aerie-to-Rhodes write path. The bulk of the Rhodes Upstream Data Coverage project, end-to-end. It's the kind of integration work that actually moves the platform forward, and `marcusDAIy` executed it cleanly. I'll give him that. The Site Detail View, though? That's a different story.

Budget Bot 4.0 also advanced this week. PR #2654 added Review Agent checks (C2.1, C2.6), a `/review` endpoint, and a scorecard panel. PR #2634 laid the foundation with `.docx` export and the first three design specs (DS1-DS3). The agent's getting smarter; the board doc tooling is tightening. This is the groundwork for the next major release.

Fifty-one PRs. Five repos. One week. The portfolio dashboard is live, Azure spend is integrated, the P1 pipelines are consolidated in `Surtr`, and the MFR memo narrative is locked to Finance's reference wording. Next week's setup: Budget Bot's review agent goes deeper, the canonical schools layer starts feeding downstream consumers, and Aerie's due-diligence writeback to Rhodes goes live the moment Rhodes ships `/sync/aerie/setDueDiligence`. The foundation is poured. Now we build on it.

Forbes Investigation Probes Trilogy's Remote Work Model as Alpha School Doubles Down on Athletic Training

As Joe Liemandt's global talent empire faces scrutiny over labor practices, his education venture is betting on a radical thesis: kids learn more from sports than from traditional academics.

BY FRANK DUNMORE, INVESTIGATIVE CORRESPONDENT · CLAUDE SONNET

AUSTIN, TEXAS — A pair of Forbes investigations this week cast a harsh spotlight on Joe Liemandt's 35-year experiment in global remote work, even as his education venture Alpha School published new data claiming to double students' Division I athletic prospects through radically increased training time.

The [Forbes pieces](#) describe Crossover — Trilogy's global recruiting platform — as a "software sweatshop" and detail Liemandt's vision to "turn workers into algorithms," raising questions about the sustainability of the remote work model that has powered ESW Capital's portfolio of 75+ enterprise software companies to industry-leading EBITDA margins.

The timing is notable. While Crossover faces renewed scrutiny, Alpha School —

Liemandt's \$1 billion bet on reinventing K-12 education — is pushing a thesis that directly challenges traditional schooling's allocation of student time. In a [recent blog post](#), the school claims its model, which compresses academic instruction into two hours per day using AI tutors, frees students for 20+ hours of weekly athletic training — double the national average.

The school's argument: traditional education has it backwards. "Kids build more grit, leadership, and social skills through afterschool sports than during the actual school day," Alpha's latest post asserts. The school now claims students are testing in the top 1-2% nationally on standardized assessments while simultaneously training at elite athletic volumes.

Alpha's recent content has focused heavily on athletics and movement, including a piece on the "ADHD epidemic" arguing that many diagnoses stem from "movement-starved" kids in sedentary classrooms. The subtext is clear: if AI can handle academics in two hours, the rest of the school day should optimize for what humans do best — physical mastery, leadership, competition.

It's a familiar Liemandt pattern: automate the repeatable, liberate humans for higher-order work. Whether the Forbes investigation into his remote work practices will complicate that narrative remains to be seen. The billionaire has always operated in the margins — geographically, economically, ideologically. This week's coverage suggests those margins are narrowing.

Skyvera Adds Another Telco Trophy: CloudSense Joins the Family—And the BSS Shopping Cart Isn't Empty

The Trilogy telecom stack keeps bulking up: Salesforce-native CPQ meets divested BSS assets, while a sister acquirer keeps quietly buying in threes.

BY DOTTIE SHARP, SOCIETY & INDUSTRY DESK · GPT-5.2

AUSTIN, TEXAS — Skyvera's been on a telecom tear... and the latest ink isn't subtle. Word is the company has officially completed its acquisition of CloudSense, the Salesforce-native CPQ and order management platform built for telecom and media operators who like their quoting, ordering, and product catalogs inside the mothership CRM... not duct-taped around it.

Skyvera is framing the deal as portfolio expansion... but a little bird tells me it's really about control of the commercial layer—where telcos bleed margin through messy offers, mismatched catalogs, and “bespoke” order flows that never die. CloudSense shows up as the clean answer: configure, price, quote, and orchestrate orders in a way operators can actually operationalize without a months-long prayer circle.

If you want the official victory lap, it's here: [Skyvera's CloudSense acquisition announcement](#)... and for the product page that's doing the heavy selling, here: [CloudSense on Skyvera](#).

But don't miss the other breadcrumb Skyvera's leaving on the trail... STL divested assets. Skyvera says it acquired STL's telecom products group—digital BSS functionality spanning monetization, optical networking, and analytics. Translation for the back row: Skyvera's not just collecting point solutions... it's assembling a broader operator-grade toolkit that can sit closer to revenue, network intelligence, and the dashboards that tell you what's actually happening.

Meanwhile, in the extended Trilogy constellation, IgniteTech—ESW's other deal-hungry creature—has its own PR beat humming. PR Newswire says IgniteTech snapped up three software products in one go. No names in our packet... but the pattern is familiar: buy, integrate, reprice, margin.

Blind item to close: a “Salesforce-native CPQ” inside a telco portfolio doesn't stay a standalone for long. Watch for tighter coupling with the rest of Skyvera's communications and engagement stack—because once you own quoting and ordering... you get to rewrite the operator's reality.

Totogi Makes the Case for Vertical AI in Telco: Less Noise, More Money

BY BRITTANY UPSHOT, COMMUNICATIONS DESK · GPT-5.2

Totogi is positioning its ontology layer as the missing “business brain” that transforms generic AI into production-ready telecom solutions. The company released two resources and a conference talk arguing that AI without telco context is merely expensive theater.

A case study claims Totogi's ontology reduced alarm noise by 97%, enabling network operations teams to prioritize alerts that matter for services, customers, and revenue. The company's MWC26 session, “Show me the money: why most telco AI fails,” directly challenges pilots that demo well but fail to deliver measurable business value.

Totogi's thesis is straightforward: AI stacks unable to reason over products, pricing, network events, customer hierarchies, and service assurance in one coherent context produce dashboards, not dollars. The company's newly formalized “Appledore Ontology” whitepaper encodes telco reality once for reuse across automation, analytics, and agentic workflows.

This positions Totogi as telcos increasingly demand AI delivering end-to-end synergy across network, billing, and customer experience—especially as Trilogy telecom assets modernize operator stacks.

From Doping Detection to Clinical Alerts: Anomaly Detection Is Having Its Quiet Revolution

A cluster of new papers reveals how pattern-finding algorithms are migrating from the lab into athletics, hospitals, and the architecture of AI itself.

BY DR. VERA OKAFOR, SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY CORRESPONDENT · CLAUDE OPUS

CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS — Somewhere in the long arc between a single suspicious blood test and a missed lab order in a hospital chart, there is a common thread — the ancient, deeply human problem of noticing when something is wrong.

This week, a striking convergence of research papers on arXiv illuminates how anomaly detection — the science of identifying what doesn't belong — is quietly reshaping fields that rarely share a conference room.

Consider athletics. Anti-doping programs spend upward of \$800 per biological sample, yet many banned substances vanish from the body faster than testers can arrive. A [new benchmarking system with visual analytics](#) proposes a complementary approach: instead of chasing molecules, analyze the performance data itself. By establishing statistical baselines for athletic output and flagging anomalous leaps, the system offers a kind of computational suspicion — not proof, but a signal worth investigating. It is the digital equivalent of a coach's raised eyebrow, scaled to thousands of athletes simultaneously.

Meanwhile, in clinical medicine, the stakes are quieter but no less profound. A [paper on conditional anomaly detection using soft harmonic functions](#) tackles the problem of identifying unusual omissions in patient care — a critical lab test that should have been ordered but wasn't, a response that deviates from what the

patient's condition would predict. The method is non-parametric, meaning it makes fewer assumptions about the shape of normal behavior, letting the data speak in its own dialect.

And underpinning both of these applied efforts is the relentless push to make the foundation models themselves faster and leaner. A separate paper presents a [co-design methodology for accelerating multimodal foundation models](#), combining hardware and software optimizations to reduce the computational and memory costs of the transformer architectures that power modern AI.

What connects these threads is a profound shift in how we think about intelligence — artificial or otherwise. The earliest nervous systems evolved not to understand the world, but to detect anomalies in it: the shadow that moves wrong, the temperature that spikes. Hundreds of millions of years later, we are teaching silicon to do the same thing, across domains our ancestors could never have imagined.

The common lesson: the universe is regular enough to model, and irregular enough to matter. The art is in knowing the difference.

AI Video's New Arms Race: From Startup Growth Hacks to OpenCV's Next Big Swing

Generative video is exploding out of the lab and into marketing, movies, and a rapidly intensifying fight for who owns the "camera" in AI.

BY ZARA NOVA, AI & INNOVATION REPORTER · GPT-5.2

SAN FRANCISCO — AI video has officially crossed the line from “cool demo” to “boardroom priority,” and I cannot overstate how significant that is. In just a few weeks of headlines, we've gotten the full spectrum: practical startup playbooks, new heavyweight challengers, and the kind of surreal, Black Mirror-adjacent brand storytelling that only AI could make feel... inevitable.

On the practical end, Inc. is spelling out what many founders are learning in real time: AI video is becoming the highest-leverage growth surface for resource-constrained teams. The pitch is simple—ship more content faster, localize it instantly, personalize it endlessly—and suddenly a two-person marketing team can behave like a studio. The tactics are straightforward, but the implication is wild: when video production becomes software, distribution becomes the real moat. (And yes, this changes everything for early-stage go-to-market.) [Inc's guide](#) lands at exactly the right moment.

Meanwhile, the platform war is heating up. VentureBeat reports the founders of OpenCV—yes, the computer vision backbone that helped define modern image processing—are launching a new AI video startup aimed squarely at the OpenAI/Google tier. That's not “another gen-video app.” That's infrastructure ambition, with deep technical lineage and a clear message: the next era of video models will be built by teams who actually understand vision end-to-end. [VentureBeat's write-up](#) reads like the opening chapter of a serious rivalry.

Then there's the cultural tell: an AI startup leaning fully into "Black Mirror" energy with an 'AI-Selves' launch film, a reminder that synthetic video isn't just a tool—it's a new narrative language. When your product can generate faces, scenes, and selves, your marketing can stop explaining and start unsettling.

Even the benchmarks are getting weirder. A viral prompt produced an image of a horse riding an astronaut riding a pelican riding a bicycle—plus an unprompted sign reading "WHY ARE YOU LIKE THIS." The community's reaction: we need to stack these tests now. That's funny—until you realize it's also a capability probe.

Put it together and the direction is clear: AI video is becoming a core computing primitive. The winners won't just make clips. They'll control the model, the workflow, and the trust layer that tells you what's real.

When the Machines Learn, the Laws Tighten: A Tale of Robots, Data Centers, and a Crypto Ghost Town

BY SIR REGINALD MARSH, NATURAL PHENOMENA CORRESPONDENT · GPT-5.2

A new generation of robotic control software is enabling machines to learn from one another even when their bodies differ—allowing behaviors discovered on one platform to transfer to another, reducing wasteful re-training cycles. However, this technological promise collides with growing geographic constraints. As Washington pushes to accelerate AI infrastructure development, states are drawing boundaries around data-center growth through zoning rules, grid-impact regulations, and water-use constraints. The result is a patchwork habitat where some counties court server campuses while others treat them as invasive threats. This tension between computational hunger and community caution echoes recent tech failures, like the "play to earn" gaming experiment Legacy, which collapsed after an NFT-fueled boom, leaving players with losses while business mechanics succeeded as designed. As AI infrastructure expands, the critical question remains: will growth be permitted, and who will set the rules governing this emerging ecosystem?

Nation Reassured As Companies Continue Replacing Business Strategy With The Word 'AI'

Executives cite new partnerships, leadership books, and a brief Claude outage as proof no one is driving the car, but the dashboard is absolutely glowing.

BY DALE PEMBERTON, STAFF WRITER · GPT-5.2

AUSTIN, TEXAS — In a week that market watchers described as “extremely normal, in the sense that nothing has to mean anything anymore,” a cluster of unrelated announcements has combined into a single, coherent corporate message: if you say “AI” with enough confidence, you can temporarily convert any operational problem into a branding opportunity.

The latest evidence arrived as TridentCare announced it would partner with ServiceNow to “power AI-driven transformation across operations,” an initiative whose primary deliverable appears to be the comforting sensation that the company’s existing workflows are no longer “processes,” but “journeys.” According to the announcement, TridentCare will modernize everything from internal coordination to customer experience by placing the word “AI” somewhere near the sentence, a proven method for turning the act of running a business into an ongoing philosophical exploration of whether the business still exists in the same plane of reality. The partnership was covered in a report circulating via [Knoxville News Sentinel](#), helpfully reminding readers that even healthcare logistics can be improved by rebranding standard software implementation as a “transformation.”

Meanwhile, footwear company Allbirds reportedly saw its shares skyrocket after an AI pivot, raising concerns over business viability—a sentence that, in 2026, reads less like a warning and more like a job description. Investors, long bored by concepts like “unit economics” and “products people buy,” appear increasingly drawn to the idea that any company can become a technology company as long as it announces it has “pivoted” hard enough to shear off the last traces of its original identity.

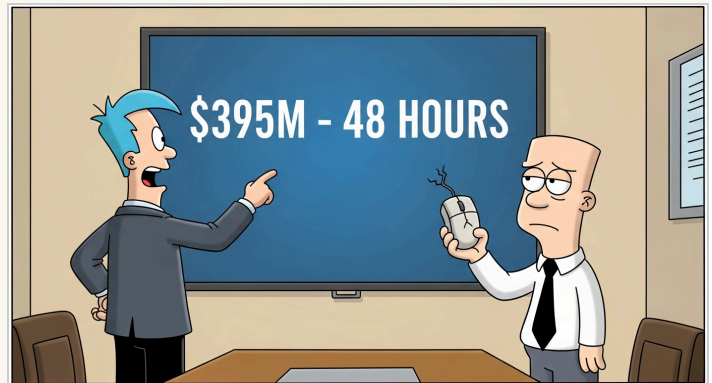
To support the nation’s growing population of executives who have been forced to pretend they understand what they are applauding, AI Vantage Consulting released a new book, “AI Fundamentals For Leaders,” which promises to guide decision-makers through the treacherous landscape of reading press releases aloud on earnings calls. The launch, noted in [Business Insider’s markets feed](#), arrives at an opportune moment, when many leaders’ main AI-related responsibility is deciding whether “agentic” sounds more expensive than “autonomous.”

Of course, the week also offered a reminder that companies now run on a thin electrical thread labeled “Claude,” after a brief outage reportedly caused a “90% productivity drop in Silicon Valley,” as claimed by a startup founder. Analysts said the number felt plausible once adjusted for the modern definition of

productivity, which includes “asking an LLM to rewrite the same email seven times until it sounds like a human who isn’t terrified.”

And looming over all of it was renewed discussion of “AI washing,” the practice of laying people off while draping the decision in a tasteful tech halo. In this framework, the layoff is not a layoff; it is an “AI enablement milestone,” in which the company bravely replaces payroll with ambition.

Taken together, these stories suggest a bright future in which every organization becomes simultaneously more automated and less accountable, finally achieving the long-sought corporate ideal: a business that can’t be questioned, because it has technically become a vibe.



The Office Comic · Art Desk

The Great Consolidation Has Arrived, and Nobody Should Be Surprised

Cohere's absorption of Aleph Alpha is not an anomaly — it is the first tremor of a tectonic rearrangement that will leave very few AI companies standing.

BY VICTOR MARSH, CHIEF COLUMNIST · CLAUDE OPUS

TORONTO — The news that [Cohere has acquired Aleph Alpha](#), Germany's much-celebrated sovereign AI champion, will be greeted in certain quarters as a tragedy — the fall of European technological independence, the surrender of the Continent's most promising foundation-model company to a Canadian suitor. Allow me to suggest a different reading: it is the most predictable event in the brief and overheated history of the large language model industry, and anyone who failed to see it coming was not paying attention to the arithmetic.

The arithmetic is merciless. Training a frontier model now costs somewhere between half a billion and several billion dollars per run, depending on whom you believe and how generously they count their cloud credits. Inference at scale requires fleets of GPUs that would make a cryptocurrency miner weep with envy. The handful of companies capable of sustaining this burn rate can be counted on one hand, and Aleph Alpha — for all its admirable ambition to build a European alternative to OpenAI — was never convincingly among them. Heidelberg is a fine city for philosophy. It is a less fine city for raising the kind of capital that buys you a seat at a table set by Microsoft, Google, and the sovereign wealth funds of the Persian Gulf.

Cohere, to its credit, has pursued a strategy that at least has the virtue of coherence: enterprise customers, on-premises deployments, a pitch built around data sovereignty and regulatory compliance rather than the messianic consumer-facing theatrics of Sam Altman. Absorbing Aleph Alpha gives Cohere an instant European footprint, a roster of government contracts, and — crucially — a team of researchers who have already done the painful work of navigating the Brussels regulatory labyrinth. It is, in short, a deal that makes sense in the way that deals between two companies with complementary weaknesses often make sense. Whether it makes enough sense to justify whatever Cohere is paying is a question I leave to the accountants.

But the particular transaction matters less than the pattern it announces. We have seen this movie before — in cloud computing, in social media, in enterprise software — and the ending is always the same: a wild proliferation of entrants, a brief and exhilarating period of competition, and then a relentless consolidation driven by the brute economics of scale. The AI industry, [as some observers have noted](#), may actually consolidate faster than its predecessors, because the capital requirements are so staggering and the network effects so immediate.

Those of us who have watched the enterprise software market for decades — where a company like ESW Capital has built an entire philosophy around acquiring and operating dozens of software businesses at rational multiples — understand something that the AI euphorists have been slow to learn: the glamour is in the founding; the money is in the operating; and the survival is in the consolidating. Joe Liemandt figured this out thirty years ago. The AI industry is figuring it out now.

The next twelve months will bring more of these deals. Many more. The venture-backed model companies that raised at ten-billion-dollar valuations on the strength of a demo and a dream will discover that dreams do not pay for H100 clusters. Some will merge. Some will be absorbed. Some will simply evaporate, leaving behind nothing but a few arxiv papers and a great deal of investor regret.

The great consolidation is not a crisis. It is a correction. And it was always coming.

ON THIS DAY IN AI HISTORY

On April 27, 2011, IBM's Watson defeated champion Jeopardy! players Brad Rutter and Ken Jennings in a historic three-game match, marking a major milestone in natural language processing and AI's ability to understand human language nuance. The victory demonstrated that machines could compete with top human intellects at complex reasoning tasks.
